

Adorazzjoni – L-Ewwel Sibt ta' Frar
Parroċċa Għasri

Il-Ktieb tan-Numri

1. Espozizzjoni u Kant

To be in Your presence

to sit at Your feet

Where Your love surrounds me
and makes me complete

Chorus

*This is my desire, O Lord this is my desire,
This is my desire, O lord this is my desire*

To rest in Your presence
not rushing away
To cherish each moment
here I would stay.

Chorus

2. Introduzzjoni miċ-Ċelebrant

3. Kant

Majesty, worship His Majesty

Unto Jesus be all glory, honour and praise!
Majesty, Kingdom Authority,
Flow from His throne, unto His own
His anthem raise!

So exalt, lift up on high the Name of Jesus!
Magnify, come glorify,
Christ Jesus the King.
Majesty, worship His Majesty;
Jesus who died, now glorified,
King of all kings!

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Magnify, come glorify,
Christ Jesus the King.
Majesty, worship His Majesty;
Jesus who died, now glorified,
King of all kings!

4. Talb fis-skiet

5. Iè-Ċelebrant jintroduċi Il-Ktieb tan-Numri

6. Lectio Divina

Numri 14, 1 – 38

[1] U l-ġemgħa kollha ta' Izrael refgħet leħinħa u

nfexxet tħajjal; u l-poplu għadda dak il-lejl jibki.[2] L-Izraelin kollha gemgħu kontra Mosè u Aron, u l-miġemgħa kollha qaltilhom: "M'hux li mitna fl-art ta' l-Eğġitħu! Jew f'dan id-deżer! [3] Ghalfejn se jdaħħalna l-Mulej f'dan il-pajjiż, biex ninquerdu bix-xabla? In-nisa tagħna u wiedna se jeħduhom l-na bi priza. Ma jkunx aħjar għalina li nerġgħu lura lejn l-Eğġitħu?" [4] U qalu lil xulxin: "Naghżlu mexxej, u nerġgħu lura lejn l-Eğġitħu!"

[5] Mbagħad Mosè u Aron intefgħu wiċċhom fl-art quddiem il-miġemgħa kollha ta' wlied Izrael. [6] U Gożwè bin Nun, u Kaleb bin Gefunni, li kienu fost dawk li marru jitkixxfu l-pajjiż, ċartru ħwejjihom, [7] u kellmu lill-miġemgħa kollha ta' wlied Izraelu qalulhom: [8] "Il-pajjiż, li aħna morna nitkixxfuh, hu art tajba bil-bosta. Jekk jiffavorina l-Mulej żgur li jdaħħalna f'din l-art, u jaġħtihielna: hi art li tnixxi ħalib u għasel. [9] Biss la teħduhiex kontra l-Mulej, u la tibżgħux mill-poplu tal-pajjiż, għax bħall-ħobż nikluhom, hilithom thallihom. Il-Mulej magħna, la tibżgħux minnhom."

[10] Imma l-ġemgħa kollha wieġbet billi riedet thaġġarhom. Izda l-glorja tal-Mulej dehret fuq it-tinda tal-laqqha quddiem ulied Izrael kollha. [11] U l-Mulej qal lil Mosè: "Kemm se jdum jeħodha kontra tiegħi dan il-poplu! Kemm se jdumu ma jafdawx fija, minkejja s-sinjal li għamilt fnofshom? [12] Nidrobhom bil-pesta; noħroġhom mill-wirt, u nagħmel minnek ġens kbir u b'saħħtu aktar minnhom."

[13] U Mosè qal lill-Mulej: "Jekk jisimgħu b'dan l-Eğizzjani, xi jgħidu wara li int ħriġt lil dan il-poplu bil-qawwa tiegħek minn ġo nofshom? [14] U n-nies ukoll, li jgħammru f'din l-art, semgħu li inti qiegħed fnoxs dan il-poplu, li jarak wiċċi imbwicċ u li s-shaba tiegħek qiegħda fuqu, u li inti timxi quddiemu f'kolonna ta' shab binhar u f'kolonna tan-nar billej. [15] Jekk int toqtolhom fdaqqa bħal bniedem wieħed, il-ġnus li semgħu b'aħbarek jgħidu: [16] 'Il-Mulej ma għandux ħila jwassal lil dan il-poplu fl-art li wegħedhom, u għalhekk qeridhom fid-deżer.' [17] U issa, Sidi, ha jidher il-kobor tal-qawwa tiegħek bħalma tkellim u ghed: [18] 'Il-Mulej tqil biex jinkorla, u kbir fit-tjeiba; jaħfer il-ħażżeen u d-dnub, għalkemm

ma jħallihx bla kastig, u jikkastiga dnub il-missirijiet fuliedhom sat-tielet u r-raba' generazzjoni.' [19] Aħfer, mela, nitlobok, il-hażen ta' dan il-poplu, skond il-kobor tat-tjieba tiegħek, bħalma ssaportejt mill-Eğġit sa hawn."

[20] Il-Mulej wiegħbu: "Jien naħfer skond kliemek. [21] Imma daqs kemm hu minnu li jien ħaj u l-art timtela bil-glorja tal-Mulej, [22] daqshekk ieħor in-nies kollha li raw il-glorja tiegħi u s-sinjal li għamilt fl-Ēġġit u d-deżer, u li għaxar darbiet ġarrbuni u ma semgħux kliemi, [23] hadd minn dawk kollha li haduha kontra tiegħi ma jara l-art li jien wegħedt lil missirijethom; [24] imma l-qaddej tiegħi Kaleb, li kellu spirtu ieħor fi minn dak tal-poplu tiegħu, u mexa għalkollox warajja, nwasslu fl-art li mar fiha u jiritha n-nisel tiegħu. [25] Halli jibqgħu jħammru fil-wied l-Għamalekin u l-Kangħanin; imma ghada intom dawru wiċċkom u erġgħu lura lejn id-deżer mit-triq tal-Bahar tal-Qasab."

[26] U l-Mulej kellem lil Mosè u lil Aron u qalilhom: [27] "Kemm se ddum din il-ġemgħa hażina tgħemgħi kontrija? Jien smajt it-tgħemgħim ta' wlied Izrael kontra tieghi. [28] Ghidilhom: "Daqs kemm jien ħaj - l-oraklu tal-Mulej - nagħmlil kom kif għedtuli f'widnejja. [29] F'dan id-deżer jaqqħu l-katavri tagħkom, intom ilkoll li kontu magħdudin minn għoxrin sena 'l fuq, li gemgħimtu kontra tieghi. [30] Ma tidħlux fl-art li jien erfajt idu u ħlift li nserrahkom fiha, ħlief Kaleb bin Ĝefunni u Gożwè bin Nun. [31] U t-tfal iż-żgħar tagħkom, li intom ħsibtu li se jehodhom l-kom haḍdieħor bi priza, ndaħħalhom fl-art li intom stmellejtuha, u jgawduha huma. [32] U l-iġsma tagħkom jaqqħu mejta f'dan id-deżer. [33] U wliedkom jibqgħu jiġerrew fid-deżer għal erbgħin sena, u jħallsu l-ħtija ta' l-infedeltà tagħkom sakemm jintemmu l-katavri tagħkom fid-deżer. [34] Igħorr fuq spallejkom il-kastig ta' ħtijietkom għal erbgħin sena, sena għal kull jum li domtu titkixxfu l-art. Hekk tkunu tafu li stmellejtkom. [35] Jiena, il-Mulej, tkellim: hekk nagħmel lil din iċ-ċorma nies ħażien li ftieħmu kontra tiegħi. Jintemmu fid-deżer, u hemm imutu."

[36] U l-irġiel li Mosè kien bagħħat jitkixxfu l-art, u

meta reġgħu lura xewwxu l-ġemgħa kollha kontrih billi xerrdu xnieħha kontra din l-art, [37] dawn l-irġiel li harġu x-xnieħha hażina fuq l-art, mietu midruba quddiem il-Mulej. [38] Minn fost in-nies li marru jitkixxfu l-art baqqhu ħajjin biss Gożwè bin Nun u Kaleb bin Ĝefunni.

7. Kant:

Holy, Holy, Holy! Lord God Almighty
Early in the morning
Our song shall rise to Thee
Holy, Holy, Holy!
Merciful and mighty
God in three persons Blessed Trinity!

Holy, Holy, Holy!
Though the darkness hide thee
Though the eye made blind by sin
Thy glory may not see Only Thou art holy
There is none beside Thee
Perfect in power, in love and purity.

Holy, Holy, Holy! Lord God Almighty
All Thy works shall praise Thy name
In earth and sky and sea
Holy, Holy, Holy! Merciful and mighty
God in three persons Blessed Trinity

8. Meditazzjoni fis-Skiet

9. Barka Sagramentali

Tantum ergo Sacramentum
veneremur cernui
Et antiquum documentum
novo cedat ritui
Praestet fides supplementum
sensus defectui
Genitori, Genitoque
laus et jubilatio
Salus, honor, virtus quoque
sit et benedictio
Procedenti ab utroque
compar sit laudatio. A-men

10. Kant wara l-Barka

O Sacrament most holy
O Sacrament Divine
All praise and all thanksgiving
Be every moment Thine



Eucharistic Adoration on the First Saturday of the Month in Għasri – Reflection on the Book of Numbers

During the animated Eucharistic Adoration on the First Saturday of February 2025, we reflected on the Book of Numbers, specifically Chapter 14.

The story of Numbers 14 is one of sorrow and lost blessings, a stark reminder of what happens when we turn away from the path God has laid before us. The Israelites, having been led by the mighty hand of God out of slavery, found themselves at the threshold of the Promised Land. Yet instead of embracing the future God had prepared, they allowed fear to take root in their hearts. They listened not to the voice of faith, but to the whispers of doubt, choosing to reject the very promise they had long awaited. In their rebellion, they lamented the past, longing for the false security of Egypt rather than trusting in the divine providence that had sustained them. They had seen the works of the Lord, yet when the time came to surrender in trust, they hardened their hearts.

How often do we do the same? How often do we resist the will of God because it does not align with our expectations? We pray for guidance, yet when the road ahead appears difficult, we hesitate, doubting whether God truly knows what is best for us. We grumble in frustration when life unfolds differently than we had envisioned, forgetting that the One who created us knows the depths of our souls and the path that will lead to our salvation. Like the Israelites, we sometimes prefer the comfort of what is familiar, even if it enslaves us, rather than stepping forward in faith toward the unknown. But the Lord calls us to something greater—He calls us to trust, to believe in His promises even when we cannot see the way.

Amidst the faithlessness of the people, two figures stand firm—Joshua and Caleb, men whose hearts remained steadfast in the Lord. Where others saw only giants and obstacles, they saw the fulfillment of God's word. They knew that the God who had parted the Red Sea, who had fed them with manna from heaven, who had walked before them as a pillar of cloud by day and fire by night, would not abandon them now. Their faith was not blind, but rooted in the certainty that the Lord is always faithful. Yet the people refused to listen, and in their rebellion, they lost the very blessing that had been prepared for them. The Promised Land was not taken from them; they rejected it through their own lack of trust.

This passage is not merely an ancient story; it is a mirror into our own hearts. How often do we stand at the threshold of God's blessings, only to turn away because we lack the faith to step forward? We long for certainty, but faith calls us to walk in trust. We seek signs, but God asks us to believe. We yearn for control, but holiness is found in surrender. The lesson of Numbers 14 is clear: when we resist God's will, we close ourselves off from the gifts He desires to give us. But when we trust, when we surrender our fears and desires to His perfect wisdom, we receive far more than we ever could have imagined.

At the heart of this story is also a lesson in gratitude. The Israelites, despite all they had been given, could only see what they lacked. They had been rescued from slavery, led through the wilderness

with the very presence of God in their midst, yet they still grumbled. Their eyes were fixed on what was missing rather than on the abundance of grace that had been poured upon them. How often do we fall into the same temptation? We measure our lives by what we do not have, forgetting the countless blessings that fill our days. But gratitude is the path to peace. When we give thanks, even in suffering, our hearts are opened to the presence of God in every moment. True joy is not found in having everything we desire, but in recognising that we already have everything we need in Him.

God's will is not always easy, but it is always good. He does not lead us into the wilderness to abandon us, but to purify us, to strengthen us, to prepare us for the fullness of His promises. If we resist, we risk wandering aimlessly, missing the blessings He desires to pour upon us. But if we trust, if we walk forward in faith even when the path is unclear, we will find that His will is not a burden, but the very road to life itself. Let us not be like the Israelites who refused to enter the land prepared for them. Let us instead be like Joshua and Caleb, whose hearts remained faithful. May we say with all sincerity: Lord, I do not always understand Your ways, but I trust in Your love. I surrender my fears, my doubts, and my desires to You. Let Your will be done in my life, for I know that You are good.



Adorazzjoni Ewkaristika tal-Ewwel Sibt tax-Xahar fl-Għasri – Riflessjoni dwar il-ktieb tal-Numri

Waqt l-Adorazzjoni Ewkaristika animata fl-Ewwel Sibt tax-Xahar ta' Frar 2025 irriflettejna mill-Ktieb tan-Numri, b'mod specifiku Kapitlu 14.

L-istorja f'Numri Kapitlu 14 hija waħda ta' niket u ta' barkiet mitlufa, tfakkira qawwija ta' x'jiġri meta ndawru daharna għall-mixja li Alla qiegħed jagħmel magħna. L-Izraelin, wara li ġew meħlusa bil-qawwa t'Alla mill-jasar, sabu ruħhom quddiem l-Art Imwiegħda. Imma minflok ma aċċettaw bi gratitudni dak li Alla kien ippreparalhom, hallo il-biża' jixxettel f'qalbhom. Minflok ma raw b'għajnejhom tal-fidi, semgħu l-vuci tad-dubju, u f'qalbhom bdew jitħassru l-Egħiġi, dik l-art li kienet katnazz għalihom, minflok ma raw il-ħelsien li Alla kien diġà tahom. Minkejja dak kollu li raw u li esperjenzaw, huma bdew igergru u joġeżżejjonaw għal dak li Alla ried jagħmel bihom.

Aħna ma nagħmlux l-istess drabi? Nitlobu lil Alla jmexxina, iżda meta t-triq tidher iebsa, induru lura. Insibu ruħna mħawwda meta l-pjanijiet tagħna ma jaqblux ma' dawk ta' Alla. Iktar minn hekk, kultant, bħall-Izraelin, nippreferu nibqgħu marbutin mal-passat tagħna, anke jekk kien joffrilna biss skjavitu spiritwali, minflok ma nidħlu fit-triq li twassalna għall-wegħda tiegħu. Imma Alla jrid minna aktar; jrid li nafdaw fih, anke meta ma nifhx fejn qed imexxina, għax it-triq tiegħu dejjem twassal għall-ġid tagħna.

F'nofs din il-fidi dgħajfa tal-poplu, joħorġu żewġ figur li baqgħu sodi—Gożwè u Caleb. Meta kulhadd hass ir-raġel, dawn tnejn baqgħu jemmnu li Alla ma kienx ser iqarraq bihom. Fejn l-oħrajn raw biss ostakli, dawn raw il-fedeltà ta' Alla. Kienu jafu li dak l-istess Alla li fetaħ il-baħar quddiemhom, li tahom il-manna mis-sema, li mexa magħhom bħala sħaba binhar u nar billejl, kien sejjer jibqa'

magħna. Imma l-poplu rrifjuta li jemmen, u b'hekk, b'idejhom stess, ġadulhom il-barka li Alla kien ippreparalhom. Mhux Alla ġadilha mingħandhom, imma huma li għażlu li jiċħduha minħabba n-nuqqas ta' fidi tagħhom.

Din il-qari mhix sempliċi storja tal-imghoddi, imma hi mera ta' qalbna. Kemm-il darba nkunu quddiem il-barkiet li Alla jrid jaġħtina, imma nindmu lura għax ma jkollniex il-kuraġġ nagħtu pass 'il quddiem? Kemm-il darba nittamaw f'ċerteżzi, meta l-fidi fil-fatt tfisser li nimxu f'fiduċja, anke meta ma narawx it-triq kollha? Kemm-il darba nfittxu s-sinjal, meta Alla qed jistedinna sempliċement nemmnu? Dan il-kapitlu ta' Numri 14 jurina ċar li meta nirribellaw kontra r-rieda t'Alla, inkunu aħna li nagħlqu qalbna għall-barkiet tiegħu. Imma meta nhallu f'idejh, meta nadattaw ir-rieda tagħna għal tiegħu, insibu li mhux qed nitilfu xejn, imma anzi niskopru l-vera ħajja.

Fl-istess waqt, dan il-kapitlu jgħallimna wkoll il-lezzjoni kbira tal-gratitudni. L-İzraelin, minkejja dak kollu li kellhom, kienu qed jaraw biss dak li kien jonqoshom. Kienu meħlusa mill-jasar, kellhom Alla miexi magħhom, u xorta baqgħu jilmentaw. Qalbhom kienet mgħobbija bl-ilment, flok ma kienet mimlija b'radd il-ħajr. Imma l-istess jiġi l-ħajra aħna? Kemm-il darba nimlew moħħna b'dak li m'għandniex, u ninsew il-barkiet kollha li digġa għandna? Il-gratitudni hi t-triq għall-paci. Meta nirringrazzjaw lil Alla, anke fit-tbatja, qalbna tiftaħ u tinfetaħ għall-preżenza tiegħu. L-hena veru mhux li jkollna kollox kif nixtiequ, imma li nagħrfu li għandna kollox f'idejh.

Ir-rieda ta' Alla mhix dejjem faċli, imma hija dejjem tajba. Hu ma jmexxiniex lejn id-deżer biex jinsa bina, imma biex ipurifikana, isaħħaħna, u jhejjina għall-milja tal-ħajja miegħu. Jekk nirreżistu, insibu ruħna neqirdu u nitilfu t-triq. Imma jekk nafdaw, jekk nimxu wara l-Mulej mingħajr biża', insibu li l-mixja tiegħu mhix piż, imma hi l-istess triq li twassalna għall-ħajja vera. M'għandniex inkunu bħall-İzraelin li ċaħdu l-Art Imwiegħda minħabba n-nuqqas ta' fidi tagħhom. Imma rridu nkunu bħal-Gożwè u Kaleb, li qalbhom baqgħet fidila. Ejew iħallu f'idejn Alla r-rieda tagħna u ngħidu bi fidi: Mulej, mhux kif irrid jien, imma kif trid Int. Naf li l-pjanijiet tiegħek huma aħjar minn tiegħi. Nafda fik, u nirringrazzjak għal dak kollu li tajtni.